

EYFS	Throughout the year, EYFS will lea Christmas, Chinese New Year, Eas		oth themselves and others. They will	look at different celebrations an	nd consider what is important to ther	n including Harvest, Diwali,
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 2	Summer 2
Year 1	How do show we care for others?	How is light used in the celebration of Christmas?	Who is a Hindu and what do they believe?	Easter Event	What makes places special?	Where do I belong? What do I believe?
Religions	Christianity Hinduism Judaism Sikhism	Christianity	Hinduism	Christianity	Christianity Hinduism	Christianity Hinduism
Year 2	Who is a Christian and what do they believe?	Why do we give and receive gifts at Christmas?	Who is a Muslim and what do they believe?	Easter Event	What can stories teach us about life?	What do different people believe God is like?
Religions	Christianity	Christianity	Islam	Christianity	Christianity Buddhism Sikhism	Christianity Hinduism
Year 3	How does a Christian follow Jesus?	Why are messages important at Christmas?	Values: What matters the most?	Easter Event	Who is my neighbour?	How did the world come into being and why should we care for it?
Religions	Christianity	Christianity	Christianity Humanism	Christianity	Christianity Sikhism Humanism	Christianity Islam Hinduism Humanism
Year 4	What are the deeper meanings of festivals?	How is Christmas celebrated around the world?	What does it mean to be a Hindu?	Easter Event	How is new life welcomed into the world?	Who inspires me?
Religions	Christianity Judaism	Christianity (Different denominations)	Hinduism	Christianity	Christianity Islam Hinduism Sikhism	Christianity Humanism
Year 5	What can we learn from reflecting on wisdom?	Why is Advent important to Christians?	What does it mean be a Sikh?	Easter Event	What can we learn from religions about temptation?	What happens when we die?
Religions	Christianity Buddhism Islam	Christianity	Sikhism	Christianity	Christianity Islam	Christianity Humanism Jainism Judaism
Year 6	What is so special about marriage?	Is Christmas sacred or secular?	What does it mean to be a Muslim?	Easter Event	What will make our city a more respectful place?	Can religion help to build a fair world and make poverty history?
Religions	Christianity Humanism Islam Judaism Sikhism	Christianity Humanism	Islam	Christianity	Christianity Hinduism Islam Judaism Sikhism	Christianity Islam

Key Sta	age 1 Themes	Coverage	Key Stage 2 Themes	Coverage
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Coverage



	(KS1)		(LKS2)	(UKS2)
Believing	✓	Beliefs and Questions	√	✓
Story	✓	Teachings and authority	√	✓
Celebrations	✓	Worship, pilgrimage and sacred places	√	✓
Symbols	✓	The journey of life and death	√	√
Leaders and teachers	✓	Symbols and religious expression	√	√
Belonging	✓	Inspirational people	√	√
Myself	✓	Religion and the individual	√	✓
		Religion, family and community	√	\checkmark
		Beliefs in action in the world	√	✓



Key Stage 1 RE Objectives Year 1	How do we show we care for others?	What makes places special?	How use cele Chr
Skills-based Objectives			
Recount religious stories. (AT1)	Х		—
Recognise religious objects, places, people and practices. (AT1)		Х	
Recognise some religious symbols and use some religious words correctly. (AT1)		Х	
Say what is important in their own lives and link this to learning in RE. (AT2)	Х		
Recognise interesting and puzzling aspects of life. (AT2)	Х		
Express their own values and concerns and know that life involves choices between right and wrong. (AT2)	Х		
Knowledge-based Objectives	·		
How do we show we care for others?			
Recognise that religious views of life can influence a caring attitude towards others.			
Show an awareness of their own and others' emotions.			
Recognise their positive and negative feelings and learn that such experiences are part of being human.			
Learn to be sensitive to the needs of others.			
Learn how key beliefs affect the ways that people choose to behave, including the idea that the Bible is important to Christians.			
What makes places special?			
Recognise that there are special places where people go to worship and their importance to believers.			
Know some of the ways in which people pray and meditate.			
Show that they have begun to be aware that some people regularly worship God in different ways and in special places, including in thei	r homes.		
Begin to show and awareness of and respects for the different ways in which religious people use and explain symbolism of food, clothin	ng, ritual objects and behaviour.		
Show that they have begun to be aware of the special use of some objects, actions, gestures and words in religious worship.			
How is light used in the celebration of Christmas?			
Recognise that light is a religious symbol.			
Talk about their own experiences of Christmas.			
Use the vocabulary: advent, Christingle and Nativity.			
Who is a Hindu and what do they believe?			
Know some of the ways in which Hindus pray and meditate.			
Show that they have begun to be aware of the ways in which Hindus worship in religious buildings and in their homes.			
Show that they have begun to be aware of some Hindu festivals.			
Make simple links between festivals in different religions.			
Recognise that religious celebrations are significant because they express meaning and influence communities.			
Learn from first-hand accounts of members of local faith communities.			
Show an awareness that different people belong to different religions.			-
Understand the importance of religions to believers.			
Where do I belong? What do I believe?			
Identify what matters to them and other people and share their ideas.			
Be able to express their feelings of belonging and depending on others, and recognise that other people belong to different groups and o	depend on others.		
Show an awareness of the influence of religion on the community.			
Be aware and begin to develop an understanding of the cycle of life, including birth and death.			

Key Stage 1	Who is a	What can	Why d
RE Objectives	Christian and	stories teach	and re
Year 2		us about life?	at Chri

ow is light ed in the lebration of ıristmas?	Who is a Hindu and what do they believe?	Where do I belong? What do I believe?
Х	Х	
Х	Х	
Х	Х	
		Х
		Х
		Х

receive gifts		What do different
Christmas?	they believe?	



	what do they believe?				people believe God is like?
Skills-based Objectives					
Describe some religious ideas from stories and some basic religious beliefs and teachings, using some religious vocabulary. (AT1)	Х		Х	X	
Describe religious objects, places, people and practices. (AT1)	Х		Х	Х	
Suggest meanings for some religious actions and symbols. (AT1)	Х		Х	Х	
Describe experiences and feelings they share with others, including characters in stories with religious meaning. (AT2)	Х	Х		Х	Х
Ask questions about puzzling aspects of life and experiences and suggest answers, including religious ones. (AT2)		Х			Х
In relation to matters of right and wrong, recognise their own values and those of others. (AT2)		Х			Х
Knowledge-based Objectives	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Who is a Christian and what do they believe?					
Know some of the ways in which Christians pray and meditate.					
Be able to recount stories about some significant religious figures.					
Learn from the stories and experiences of religious leaders.					
Show an awareness that different people belong to different religions.					
Understand the importance of religions to believers.					
Show an awareness of Christian festivals and make simple links between festivals in different religions.					
What can stories teach us about life?					
Recognise that religious teachings have special writings which believers respect.					
Be aware of the special ways sacred texts are treated.					
Know some religious stories.					
Be encouraged to ask questions to aid their understanding.					
Learn to value and respect their own opinions and those of others.					
Why do we give and receive gifts at Christmas?					
Recognise that religious celebrations are significant because they express meaning and influence communities.					
Understand the role of the Wise Men in the Christmas story and the reason gifts are given at Christmas today.					
Use the vocabulary: Christmas, gifts, Melchior, Balthazar, Caspar, gold, frankincense, myrrh.					
Who is a Muslim and what do they believe?					
Know some of the ways in which Muslims pray and meditate.					
Show that they have begun to be aware of the ways in which Muslims worship in religious buildings and in their homes.					
Show that they have begun to be aware of some Islamic festivals.					
Make simple links between festivals in different religions.					
Learn from stories and experiences of religious leaders.					
Learn from first-hand accounts of members of local faith communities.					
Show an awareness that different people belong to different religions.					
Understand the importance of religions to believers.					
What do different people believe God is like?					
Think about the different words and art which are used to describe what God is like.					
Compare some different ways believers show respect to God and each other, e.g. head coverings, greetings.					
Identify and discuss any questions they may have about themselves, life and God.					
Talk about any experiences of wonder and awe which they may have, recognising that some people explain these feelings in terms of God.					

Lower Key Stage 2	How does a	Who is my	Why a
RE Objectives	Christian follow	neighbour?	messa
Year 3	Jesus?		impor
			Christ

hy are	Values: What	How did the
essages	matters the	world come
portant at	most?	into being and
ristmas?		why should we
		care for it?



Skills-based Objectives			
Confidently describe some religious ideas from stories and some basic religious beliefs and teachings, using some religious vocabulary. (AT1)	Х		
	× X		├──
Describe religious objects, places, people and practices and begin to know their function. (AT1)			<u> </u>
Identify meanings for religious actions and symbols. (AT1)	Х	N N	<u> </u>
Begin to identify what influences them, making links to their own experiences. (AT2)		X	<u> </u>
Begin to identify questions to which there are no universally agreed answers (ultimate questions). (AT2)		X	<u> </u>
Begin to recognise how moral values and religious beliefs can influence behaviour. (AT2)		Х	
Knowledge-based Objectives			
How does a Christian follow Jesus?			
Identify some of the key beliefs Christians hold.			
Describe and apply some of the ways that God is represented in Christianity.			
Describe how and why sacred texts are important to believers.			
Know the main events in the life of Jesus and their importance to believers.			
Recognise the influence of religious stories on ideals of character and moral values.			
Start to understand the impact of Christianity on society today.			
Who is my neighbour?			
Describe some key events in the lives of contemporary figures who have inspired believers.			
Recognise and describe the influence of religious stories on ideals of character and moral values.			
Make links between religious and moral ideas and their influence on lifestyle and behaviour.			
Make links between what religions teach about right and wrong and their own views.			
Why are messages important at Christmas?			
Recognise that religious celebrations are significant because they express meaning and influence communities.			
Understand the role of the Angel Gabriel and shepherds in bringing news about the Baby Jesus.			
Discuss how news is shared at Christmas.			
Use the vocabulary: Angel Gabriel, Mary, Baby Jesus, shepherds.			
Values: What matters the most?			
Know that some people are non-religious (Humanists) and describe a non-religious way of life.			
Discuss the meaning of morals and values.			
Understand that people have different points of view.			
Make links between their own ideas and the ways religions and beliefs enable people to value themselves and recognise their responsibility towards o	thers.		
How did the world come into being and why should we care for it?			
Ask and suggest answers to questions about the origins of human life.			
Describe some of the difficult questions life presents for everyone, including questions about God.			
Describe different beliefs about how the world was created, including a non-religious viewpoint.			
Describe a range of responses from religious and other sources to global issues.			
Make links between religious beliefs about the world and behaviour of believers and themselves.			
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Lower Key Stage 2 RE Objectives Year 4	What are the deeper meanings of festivals?	How is new life welcomed into the world?		What does it mean to be a Hindu?	Who inspires me?
Skills-based Objectives			-		
Develop religious vocabulary to describe some of the key features of religions. Know some key religious beliefs, ideas and teachings. (AT1)	X	Х	X	Х	
Know the function of objects, places and people within religious practices and lifestyles. (AT1)	Х	Х	Х	Х	

Х		Х
X X X		
Х		
	Х	X X X
	X X X	Х
	Х	Х



Begin to identify the impact that religion has on believers' lives. (AT1)	Х	Х		
Identify what influences them, making links to their own experiences and others' experiences. (AT2)				
dentify questions to which there are no universally agreed answers (ultimate questions). (AT2)				
Recognise how moral values and religious beliefs can influence behaviour. (AT2)	Х			
Knowledge-based Objectives				
What are the deeper meanings of festivals?				
Understand the meanings of some festivals and their significance for believers.				
Describe the different ways in which religious people use and explain the symbolism of food, clothing, music, ritual objects and behaviour.				
Be able to explain stories behind religious festivals.				
Recognise and describe the influence of religious stories on ideals of character and moral values.				
Understand how religious meaning is expressed through different types of language and art, e.g. in parables, poems, prayers, architecture, icons,	, design and celebration.			
How is new life welcomed into the world?				
Describe the impacts of ceremonies that mark important stages in people's lives, making links to their own lives.				
Describe how people express their beliefs through ceremonies that show the importance of belonging.				
Understand ways in which faith communities support and strengthen their members.				
Express views about their own spiritual ideas and questions about life as a journey.				
How is Christmas celebrated around the world?				
Recognise that religious celebrations are significant because they express meaning and influence communities.				
Understand some of the different ways Christmas is celebrated around the world and how this links to religious stories.				
Discuss their own Christmas traditions.				
Use the vocabulary: Advent, Christmas, Joseph, Mary, Jerusalem, faith, Nativity.				
What does it mean to be a Hindu?				
Identify some of the key beliefs of Hindus.				
Describe and apply some of the ways that God is represented and show knowledge of different ways of worshipping God.				
Describe how and why sacred texts are important to believers.				
Recognise and describe the influence of religious stories on ideals of character and moral values.				
Recognise and describe the functions of the mandir.				
Explore and express spiritual feelings and experiences.				
Experience the learning that comes from visiting places of worship.				
Who inspires me?				
Understand what makes somebody inspirational.				
Know the main events in the life of a significant religious figure and their importance to believers and the impact on society.				
Identify how religious and non-religious viewpoints have influenced inspirational figures.				
Make links between religious and moral ideals and their influence on lifestyle and behaviour.				

Upper Key Stage 2 RE Objectives Year 5	What can we learn from reflecting on wisdom?	What can we learn from religions about temptation?	Why is Advent important to Christians?	What does it mean to be a Sikh?	What happens when we die?
Skills-based Objectives					
Using religious vocabulary, describe key features of religions, including beliefs, teachings and their meanings. (AT1)	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Identify and describe religious practices and their meanings. (AT1)			Х	Х	Х
Identify the impact that religion has on believers' lives and suggest why this might vary from person to person. (AT1)			Х	Х	
Begin to ask questions and suggest answers about significant experiences of others, including religious believers. (AT2)	Х	Х		Х	Х
Begin to suggest answers to a range of ultimate questions. (AT2)	Х	Х			Х

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		Х
		Х
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Ask questions about matters of right and wrong and suggest answers which show a developing understanding of moral and religious teachings.	Х	Х	Т	
(AT2)				
Knowledge-based Objectives				
What can we learn from reflecting on wisdom?				
Recognise that different religions follow different teachings.				
Recognise and describe the influence of religious stories on ideals of character, moral values and behaviour.				
Understand how religious meaning is expressed through different types of language and art, e.g. in parables, poems, prayers, architecture, icons, des	sign and celebration.			
Understand that different people have different points of view, engaging thoughtfully with them.				
Use what they have learned to reflect on their own beliefs, values and opinions.				
What can we learn from religions about temptation?				
Understand what temptation is and explore the codes for living used by Christians and Muslims.				
Identify similarities and differences between the codes for living used by Christians and Muslims.				
Recognise and describe the influence of religious stories on ideals of character and moral values.				
Make links between what religions teach about right and wrong and their own views.				
Why is Advent important to Christians?				
Recognise that religious celebrations are significant because they express meaning and influence communities.				
Understand that advent is a period of waiting and explain how it is observed in churches.				
Understand the significance of the advent wreath.				
Use the vocabulary: Advent, Christianity, Christmas, advent wreath.				
What does it mean to be a Sikh?				
Identify and understand some of the key beliefs of Sikhs.				
Describe and apply some of the ways that God is represented and show knowledge of different ways of worshipping God.				
Describe how and why sacred texts are important to believers.				
Recognise and describe the influence of religious stories on ideals of character and moral values.				
Know the main events in the lives of a significant religious figure and their importance to believers and impact on society.				
Recognise and describe the functions of the gurdwara.				
Experience the learning that comes from visiting places of worship.				
What happens when we die?				
Start to understand different religious and non-religious beliefs about death.				
Describe how people express their beliefs through ceremonies that show the importance of belonging.				
Describe the impact of ceremonies that mark important stages in people's lives, making links to their own lives.				
Understand how religious faith helps some people deal with both positive and negative feelings and experiences.				
Express views about their own spiritual ideas and questions about life as a journey.				

Upper Key Stage 2 RE Objectives Year 6	What is so special about marriage?	What will make our city a more respectful place?	Is Christmas sacred or secular?	What does it mean to be a Muslim?	Can religion help to build a fair world and make poverty history?
Skills-based Objectives			•		
Using appropriate religious vocabulary, identify and describe key features of religions, including beliefs, teachings and their meanings. Begin to explain some basic similarities and differences in beliefs and teachings between religions/worldviews. (AT1)	Х		Х	Х	X
Explain the link between beliefs, ideas, practices and behaviour. (AT1)	Х		Х	Х	Х
Begin to make links between religions and identify some basic similarities and differences. (AT1)	Х		Х	Х	
Ask questions and suggest own answers about the significant experiences of other others, including religious believers. (AT2)	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Raise and suggest answers to a range of ultimate questions. (AT2)		Х			Х

	Х



explain and give reasons for their own and other people's views about ethical issues, including religious ideas. (AT2) Knowledge-based Objectives What is os special about marriage? Recognise that there are different types of marriage coremony and describe how people express their beliefs through coremonies that show the importance of belonging. Describe the impact of coremonies that mark important stages in people's lives, making links to their own lives. Understand how religious meaning is expressed through different types of language and art, e.g. in parables, peoms, prayers, architecture, icons, design and celebration. Understand how religious meaning is expressed through different types of language and art, e.g. in parables, peoms, prayers, architecture, icons, design and celebration. Understand how religious meaning is expressed through different types of language and art, e.g. in parables, peoms, prayers, architecture, icons, design and celebration. Understand some verligious shout their own sonitrus if deas and questions about life as a journey. What will make our citya more respectful plece? New of the different religions practised in the local community and in Great Britain. Describe the more of the causes of artithority (within religions and outside of religion) to questions about race, diversity, community and behaviour. Apply the lide of respect of other people's believs, subues and opinions. E Christmas saced or secure: E Christmas saced or secure: E Christmas sace deelbrations and reflect on the celebrations they take part in. E Christmas can be celebrated in different ways. Compare religious and secular celebrations and reflect on the celebrations they take part in. E Christmas can be celebrated on different ways. Compare religious and secular celebrations and reflect on the celebrations they take part in. E the vocabulary scared, secular, Christmas, cand, culture, tradition. What does it repeares to the ways that God is represented. Know some reasons why people pray, considering the idea that pe				
Knowledge-based Objectives What is so special above marriage? What is so special above marriage? What is so special above marriage or marriage ceremony and describe how people express their beliefs through ceremonies that show the importance of belonging. Describe the impact of ceremonies that mark important stages in people's lives, making links to their own lives. Understand how religious faith helps some people deal with both positive and negative feelings and experiences. Express views about their own spirtual ideas and questions about life as a journey. What will make our city a more respectful place? Know of the different religions practised in the local community and in Great Britain. Describe some examples of how non-religious and different religious communities of Leicster work and celebrate together. Understand some of the causes of prejudice. Be able to apply ideas from some sources of authority (within religions and outside of religion) to questions about race, diversity, community and behaviour. Apply the idea of respect to other people's beliefs, values and opinions. C Christmas scared or secular? Compare religious celebrations are significant because they express meaning and influence communities. Understand how Christmas can be celebrated in different religious between the secular able of the vecabulary: sacred, secular, Christmas, carol, culture, tradition. What does it mean to be a Muslin? Net does it mean to be a Muslin? Net does it repeares the influence of religious tokes of the secular bow stories on ideals of chraster and moral values. Show some reasons why people entry, considering the idea to people believe they can communicate with God in prayer. Describe how and why sacred texts are important to believers. Recognise and describe the influence of religious sclebraters. Communicate and more index and questions and the secular and moral values. Show some reasons why people elear to be a Muslin? Describe how and why sacred texts are important to believers. Recognise and describe the funct	Ask questions about matters of right and wrong and suggest answers which show an understanding of moral and religious teaching. With support,		Х	
What is so special about marriage? Recognise that there are different types of marriage ceremony and describe how people express their beliefs through ceremonies that show the importance of belonging. Describe the impact of ceremonies that mark important stages in people's lives; making links to their own lives. Understand how religious meaning is expressed through different types of language and art, e.g. in parables, poems, prayers, architecture, icons, design and celebration. Understand how religious in the lips some people deal with both positive and negative feelings and experiences. Express views about their own spiritual ideas and questions about life as a journey. What will make our city a more respectful place? Know of the different religions practised in the local community and in Great Britain. Describe some examples of how non-religious and different religious communities of leicester work and celebrate together. Understand some of the causes of prejudice. Be able to apply ideas from some sources of authority (within religions and outside of religion) to questions about race, diversity, community and behaviour. Apply the idea of respect to other people's beliefs, values and opinions. Schristmas accend or securit? Recognise that religious celebrations an effict on the celebrations they take part in. Understand how Christmas card, secular, Christmas, carof, culture, tradition. What dostin time to be a Musin? Udent				
Recognise that there are different types of marriage ceremony and describe how people express their beliefs through ceremonies that show the importance of belonging. Describe the impact of ceremonies that mark important stages in people's lives, making links to their own lives. Understand how religious faith helps some people deal with both positive and negative feelings and experiences. Express views about their own spiritual ideas and questions about life as a journey. What will make our city a more respectful place? Show of the different religions practised in the local community and in Great Britain. Describe some examples of how non-religious and different religions community and in Great Britain. Describe some examples of how non-religious and different religions and outside of religion) to questions about race, diversity, community and behaviour. Apply the idea of respect to other people's beliefs, values and opinions. S chrismas sacred or secular? Recognise that religious celebration sand reflect on the celebrations they take part in. Understand how Christmas can be celebrated in different ways. Compare religious and scular celebration and reflect on the celebrations they take part in. Understand how Christmas can be celebrated in different ways. Compare religious and scular celebrations and reflect on the celebrations. What does it mean to be a Musilm? describe the vacably some of the ways that God is represented. Know some reasons why people pray, considering the lede at the people believe they can communicate with God in prayer. Describe how and why sacred to scredus are important to believers. Recognise that religion the vaste and importance of ideal of character and moral values. Show understanding of the value and importance of playimage to believers. Recognise and describe the influence of religious tories on ideals of character and moral values. Show understanding of the value and importance of playimage to believers. Recognise and describe the cattories and sinjerimage to believers. Recognise				
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