



## Year 4 RE

### What it means to be a Hindu?

#### Useful Websites:

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zh86n39>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U6eyIMFG-s8>

#### Leicester City Framework Expectations

##### RE

- They will learn about the ceremonies carried out by people of different faiths and how these reflect their beliefs in life and behaviour.
- Pupils will be enabled to develop their understanding of family and community and to relate what they learn to their own questions of value and commitment.
- Pupils are encouraged to consider what can be learned from faith examples and teaching, referring to their own experiences, beliefs and values.

#### Key Vocabulary

Hindu	To do something special or enjoyable for an important event.
Mandir	A special place for Hindus to worship.
Puja	Act of worship for Hindus.
Murtis	Special statues or images of Hindu gods and goddesses.
Shrine	A holy place to pray.
Jatakarma	A Hindu ceremony that welcomes the baby into the world.
Holy	Blessed by a religious figure.
Festival	A gathering of people to celebrate something, usually related to religion.

#### Festivals

- **Holi** is the 'festival of colours' and marks the beginning of Spring with bonfires and lots of singing and dancing. Old rubbish is burnt to mark a fresh start and colour is thrown at people.
- **Diwali** is the 'festival of lights' and is celebrated in late Autumn. Diwali celebrates good's victory over evil with lots of lights around homes. Fireworks, presents and new clothes are used to celebrate.



#### Hindu Gods/Goddesses

Hindus recognise one God, Brahman. The gods of Hinduism are different aspects of Brahman.

The main three aspects are:

Vishnu, Brahma and Shiva.

The three great goddesses are:

Saraswati, Lakshmi and Skakti.

Hindus can pray to different goddesses for help with different needs.

